

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

MODELS

WAG30A-A54C,X
WAG36A-A54C,X
WAG36A-B54C,X
WAG36A-C54C,X
WAG40A-A54C,X
WAG40A-B54C,X
WAG40A-C54C,X

**THE WALL-MOUNT™ HI-BOY
COMBINATION GAS/ELECTRIC**

SPECIFICATIONS*

MODEL	WAG30A-A54C	WAG36A-A54C	WAG36A-B54C	WAG36A-C54C	WAG40A-A54C	WAG40A-B54C	WAG40A-C54C
Cooling Capacity Btuh	30,000	35,000	35,000	35,000	38,500	38,500	38,500
Heating Input (M/Btuh)	65/55	65/55	65/55	65/55	65/55	65/55	65/55
*Heating Output (M/Btuh)	53/45	53/45	53/45	53/45	53/45	53/45	53/45
Temp. Rise Range	50-80	50-80	50-80	50-80	50-80	50-80	50-80
Electrical Rating--60HZ							
Operating Voltage Range	197-253	197-253	187-253	414-506	197-253	187-253	414-506
Minimum Circuit Ampacity	22	27	20	15	31	23	15
*Field Wire Size/Ground Wire Size	10/10	10/10	12/12	14/14	8/10	10/10	12/12
**Delay Fuse--Max	35	40	30	15	50	35	20
Total Unit Amps 230/208	15.7/17.2	19.1/21.1	15.1/16.1	9.1	22.1/24.6	16.1/18.6	11.1
Compressor--Circuit A							
Volts	230/208	230/208	230/208	460	230/208	230/208	460
Rated Load Amps 230/208	12.5/14.0	15.0/17.0	11/12	7	18/20.5	12/14.5	9
Branch Circuit Selection Current	15	18	12	7	21.5	14.5	9
Lock Rotor Amps	76	83.5	66	35	95.4	82	41
Fan Motor & Condenser							
Fan Motor--HP/RPM	1/5 / 1090		1/3 / 1110			1/3 / 1110	
Fan Motor--Amps	1.4		2.3			2.3	
Fan--DIA/CFM	20/2100		20/2100			20/2100	
Face Area	5.04/ 2/13		5.04/ 3/11			5.04/ 3.11	
Sq Ft/Row/Fins per inch							
Motor and Evaporator							
Blower Motor--HP/RPM	1/3 / 1085		1/3 / 1085			1/3 / 1085	
Blower Motor--Amps	1.8		1.8			1.8	
CFM Cooling & E.S.P. w/Filter (Rated)	1000/.15		1000/.15			1000/.15	
Face Area	3.21/ 2/13		3.21 / 3/13			3.21 / 3/13	
Sq Ft/Row/Fins per inch							
Filter Sizes (inches)	20x30x1		20x30x1			20x30x1	
Refrigerant 22--oz.	66-1/2	94-1/2	94-1/2	94-1/2	88	88	88
Shipping Weight--lbs.	420	420	420	420	420	420	420

*60 degree C Copper wire size.

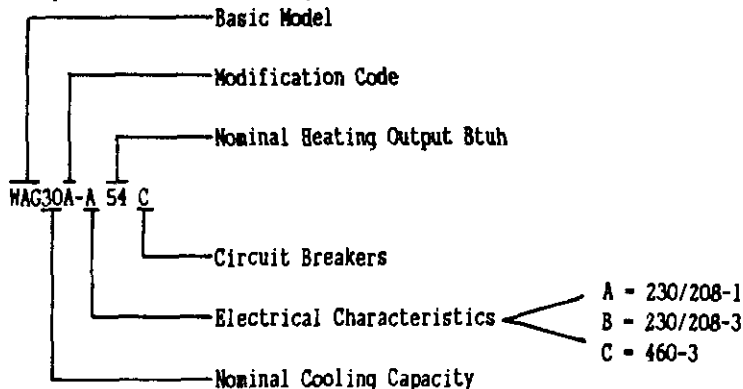
**Maximum time delay fuse or HACR Type circuit breaker.

+All capacity, efficiency, and cost of operation information is in accordance with DOE and/or ARI test procedures. This information is based on high speed cooling and low speed heating operation using a fresh air cover plate. Cover plate must be ordered separately and is recommended for use to obtain maximum energy efficiency where fresh air opening is not required.

++Units shipped with high input orifices installed. Low input orifices are included for field changeover.

Nomenclature Explanation

Example:



IMPORTANT

While this electrical data is presented as a guide, it is important to electrically connect, properly sized fuses and conductor wires in accordance with the National Electrical Code and all existing local codes.

IMPORTANT

The equipment covered in this manual is to be installed by trained, experienced service and installation technicians. All duct work supply and return, must be properly sized for the design air flow requirement of the equipment. ACCA is an excellent guide to proper sizing. All duct work or portions thereof not in the conditioned space should be properly insulated in order to both conserve energy and prevent condensation or moisture damage.

TRANSPORTATION DAMAGE

You, the receiver, are responsible for following proper procedures in the process of recovering for any freight damage.

All units are packed in new, reinforced shipping containers when they leave the manufacturer. At the time of delivery, all containers should be carefully inspected for signs of being crushed, punctured, and or being shipped in the wrong position.

If any carton is questionable, you should:

1. Open the carton and inspect the contents immediately with the delivery person present.
2. Note any damage on the carrier's delivery receipt before you sign it.
 - A. If the situation is such that it is impossible to inspect the contents or the driver does not want to wait, note the number of cartons damaged and write the words "damage" (or "shortage" if your shipment is not complete).
 - B. Do not make notations on the receipt such as "possible damage" or "subject to inspection" on the receipt. Declare "Damage." If, after your inspection, the product is in good condition, you need take no further action with the carrier.
3. Inspect all freight immediately after delivery for hidden damage, even though the carton appears good and you noted no damage on the deliver receipt. If damage is discovered in an otherwise clean carton, notify the carrier within 24 hours of delivery. Sometimes carriers can legally refuse paying claims after a few days have passed with the product in your possession.

In all cases of damage:

1. Do not move the damaged item(s) any further than necessary from the delivery point. You are responsible for keeping it safe from any further damage.
2. Always save the packaging for inspection. It is your "proof" of claim, especially for hidden damage.
3. Call the carrier's office immediately and request an inspection and claim form (note the name of the person you spoke to). If you receive no response within 15 days, notify the carrier again. He is legally required to respond to your claim.
4. After inspection, submit the claim form along with all required copies of the bill-of-lading, packing sheet, invoice showing you cost of the unit, and signed freight bill. Make sure you have copies. You must file the claim even after inspection.
5. Your claim will be assigned a number and the carrier has 120 days to respond by paying or refusing your claim.
6. If you feel your claim is not being properly recognized after several attempts to recover, contact your nearest Interstate Commerce Commission office for interstate freight or state commerce office for freight shipped within the state.

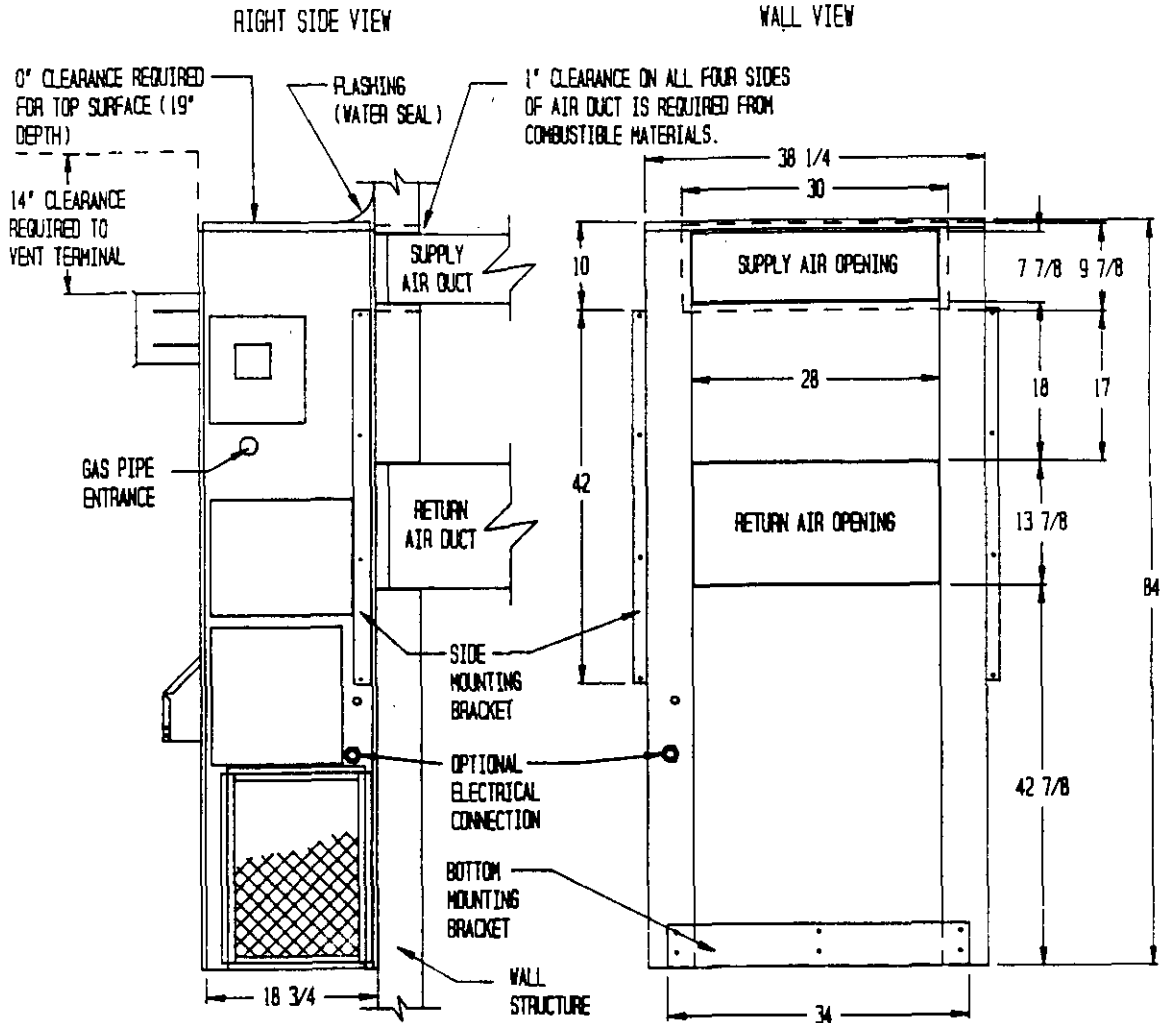
GENERAL APPLICATION

The unit is designed for use with or without duct work. Flanges are provided for attaching the supply and return ducts. These instructions explain the recommended method to install the air cooled self-contained unit and the electrical wiring connections to the unit. The refrigerant system is completely assembled and charged. All internal wiring is complete.

These instructions and any instructions packaged with any separate equipment required to make up the entire air conditioning system should be carefully read before beginning the installation. Note particularly "Starting Procedure" and any tags and/or labels attached to the equipment.

The gas/electric installation must conform with local building codes and ordinances or, in their absence with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1-1984, and the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70-1987. It is the personal responsibility and obligation of the purchaser to contract a qualified installer to assure that installation is adequate and is in conformance with governing codes and ordinances. Authorities having jurisdiction should be consulted before the installation is made.

FIGURE 1



MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS

1. These units are secured by wall mounting brackets which secure the unit to the outside wall surface at both sides and at the bottom.
2. The unit itself is suitable for "0" inch clearance, but the supply air duct flange and the first few feet of supply air duct require 1 inch clearance to combustible material. If combustible, use 30"x10" dimensions for sizing of wall opening, if non-combustible, use 28"x8" dimensions.
3. After the wall opening positions have been selected, lay out the position for the bottom and side brackets. Fasten the brackets securely to the wall (type of fasteners will depend on wall construction).
4. Be sure to observe the 10" dimension when attaching the side brackets. This will assure that no screws are driven into the unit sides damaging any internal parts. One-half inch sheet metal screws are recommended.
5. For additional mounting rigidity, the return air and supply air (depending upon wall construction) frames or collars can be drilled and screwed or welded to the structural wall itself. Be sure to observe required clearance if combustible wall.
6. Maintain 30 inches minimum clearance on right side of unit for service access and adequate condenser air flow.

FIGURE 2

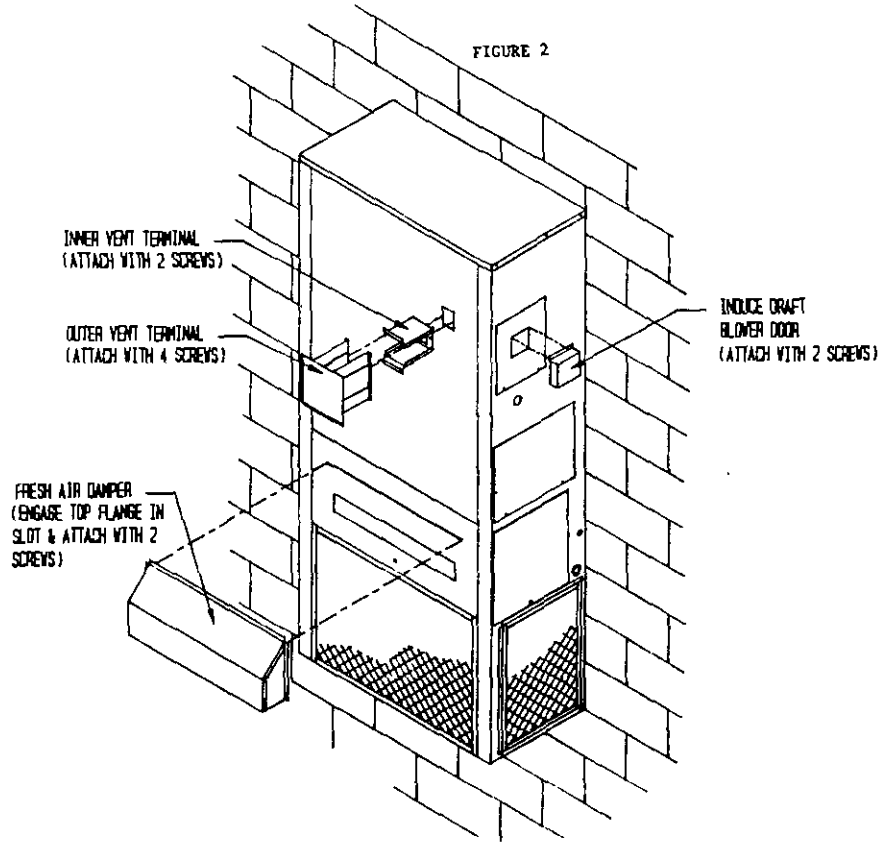
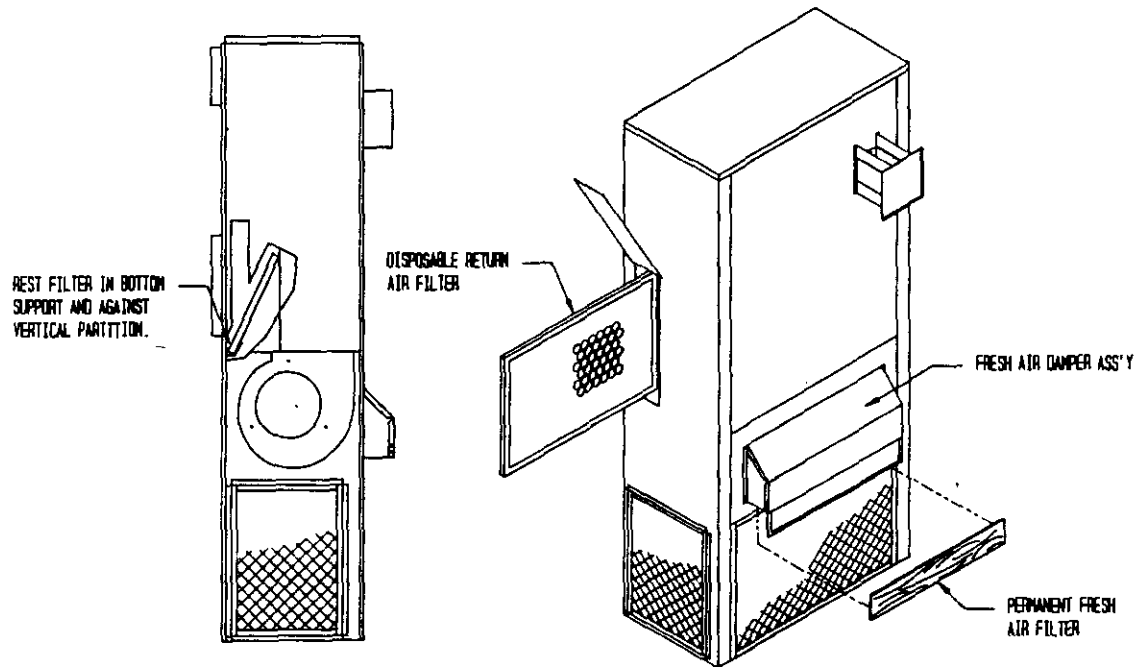


FIGURE 3



INSTALLATION

Size of unit for proposed installation should be based on heat loss calculation made according to methods of Air Conditioning Contractors of America (ACCA). The air duct should be installed in accordance with the Standards of the National Fire Protection Association for the Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating systems of Other Than Residence Type, NFPA No. 90A, and Residence Type Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems, NFPA No. 90B. Where local regulations are at a variance with instructions, installer should adhere to local codes.

CLEARANCES

Minimum clearances, as specified, must be maintained from adjacent structures to provide adequate fire protection, adequate combustion air, and room for service personnel. See Figure 1 for reference.

While minimum clearances are acceptable for safety reasons, they may not allow adequate air circulation around the unit for proper operation in the cooling mode. Whenever possible, it is desirable to allow additional clearance, especially around the condenser inlet and discharge openings. DO NOT install the unit in a location that will permit discharged air from the condenser to recirculate to the condenser inlet.

MINIMUM INSTALLATION CLEARANCES

Outlet Duct	1 in. First 3 ft.
Vent Terminal	14 in.
Condenser Inlet	30 in.
Filter Service	30 in.
Top (For 19 in. depth)	0 in.
Burner Service (Combustion Air Inlet)	17 in.
Combustible Base (Wood or Class A, B, or C Roof Covering Material)	0 in.

DUCT WORK

Design the duct work according to methods given by the Air Conditioning Contractors of America. When duct runs through unheated spaces, it should be insulated with a minimum of one inch of insulation. Use insulation with a vapor barrier on the outside of the insulation. Flexible joints should be used to connect the duct work to the equipment in order to keep the noise transmission to a minimum.

When a furnace is installed so that supply ducts carry air circulated by the furnace to areas outside the space containing the furnace, the return air shall also be handled by a duct(s) sealed to the furnace casing and terminating outside the space containing the furnace.

A one-inch clearance to combustible material for the first three feet of duct attached to the outlet air frame is required. See page 3 for further details.

FIELD INSTALLED COMPONENTS

MOUNTING BRACKETS

Two side mounting brackets are shipped fastened to the lower back surface. A bottom support bracket is shipped in the return air chamber accessed from the back of the unit. Refer to Figure 1 for proper assembly of the mounting brackets.

VENT TERMINAL AND INDUCED DRAFT BLOWER HOOD

Both the vent terminal and induced draft blower hood are shipped in the return air chamber. Remove the two shipping screws and separate the two piece assembly. Remove the two screws that are on either side of the vent discharge opening, and then install the inner vent terminal by using the same two screws just removed. Make sure gasket is in place. Slide the outer vent terminal over the inner piece and secure with four screws (two each side). See Figure 2.

FRESH AIR DAMPER ASSEMBLY

The fresh air damper assembly is shipped in the return air chamber accessed from the back of the unit. Remove the shipping screws and damper assembly. Attach the damper assembly to the blower service door as shown in Figure 2. The damper assembly includes a permanent filter that can be easily removed for cleaning (Figure 3).

All capacity, efficiency and cost of operation information as required for Department of Energy "Energyguide" Fact Sheets is based upon the fresh air blank-off plate (BOP-1) in place and is recommended for maximum energy efficiency.

The blank-off plate is available upon request from the factory and is installed in place of the fresh air damper shipped with each unit.

FILTER

A one inch throw away filter is supplied with each unit taped to the back of the unit. This filter is installed by removing the filter service door located on the left side and sliding the filter into position, as shown in Figure 3.

WALL MOUNTING

1. Two holes, the size of the supply and return air openings must be cut through the wall as shown in Figure 1.
2. On wood-frame walls, the wall construction must be strong and rigid enough to carry the weight of the unit without transmitting any unit vibration.
3. Concrete block walls must be thoroughly inspected to insure that they are capable of carrying the weight of the installed unit.
4. Ducts through the walls must be insulated and all joints taped or sealed to prevent air or moisture entering the wall cavity.
5. Some installations may not require any return air duct. It is recommended that on this type of installation that a filter grille be located in the wall. Filters must be of sufficient size to allow a maximum velocity of 400 FPM.

WIRING - MAIN POWER

CAUTION

For your personal safety, turn off electric power at service entrance panel before making any electrical connections.

All electrical work must conform with local codes and ordinances or, in their absence, with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70-1987.

Refer to the unit rating plate for wire sizing information and maximum fuse or for (230/208V) circuit breaker size. Each outdoor unit is marked with a "Minimum Circuit Ampacity." This means that the field wiring used must be sized to carry that amount of current.

Refer to the National Electrical Code for complete current carrying capacity data on the various insulation grades of wiring material.

The electrical data lists fuse and wire sizes (60 degree C copper) for all models.

The unit rating plate lists a "Maximum Time Delay Relay Fuse" or circuit breaker ("BACR Type" for 230/208V) that is to be used with the equipment. The correct size must be used with the equipment. The correct size must be used for proper circuit protection and also to assure that there will be no nuisance tripping due to the momentary high starting current of the compressor motor.

ELECTRICAL GROUNDING

A. RECOMMENDED GROUNDING METHOD

When installed, the unit must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes or in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA No. 70-1987. Use an appropriate sized (refer to specification

sheet) ground wire to a grounded connection in the service panel or a properly driven and electrically grounded ground rod.

B. ALTERNATE GROUNDING METHOD

If the recommended grounding method is impossible, permanently ground the unit from the ground connector to a grounded cold water pipe* using a separate insulated conductor of appropriate size. THIS, HOWEVER, IS NOT RECOMMENDED.

*Cold water pipe must have metal continuity to electrical ground and not be interrupted by plastic, rubber or other electrically insulating connectors (including water meter or pump) without adding a jumper wire at these connections.

NOTE: DO NOT ground to a gas supply pipe. DO NOT connect to electric power supply until appliance is permanently grounded.

THERMOSTAT

Install the thermostat in accordance with instructions packed with it. Locate the thermostat 4-1/3 feet from the floor on an inside wall away from drafts, warm air registers and floor or table lamps. Refer to unit wiring diagrams for connections.

All 24V wall thermostats have heat anticipators to compensate the thermostat for various system controls and allow the best possible cycle rates. Some anticipators are fixed and require no adjustment. However, the majority of wall thermostats have adjustable anticipators and do require adjustment to match the current rating of the control system. The nominal setting should be .60, but each installation should be checked for best operation.

Failure to adjust the anticipator lever to correspond to the actual current draw through the thermostat will cause severe short cycling if set too low and room temperature may never attain the thermostat set point, and if set too high, will cause room temperature to overshoot the set point.

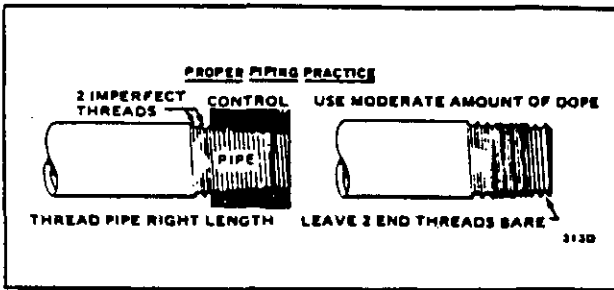
GAS SUPPLY AND PIPING

General Recommendations

1. Be sure the gas line complies with the local codes and ordinances, or in their absence with National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1-1984.
2. A sediment trap or drip leg must be installed in the supply line to the unit.
3. A ground joint union shall be installed in the gas line adjacent to and upstream from the gas valve and downstream from the manual main shut off valve.
4. A 1/8" N.P.T. plugged tapping accessible for test gauge connection shall be installed immediately upstream of the gas supply connection to the unit for the purpose of determining the supply gas pressure.
5. A manual shut-off valve shall be installed in the supply gas line external to the unit when required by local code.
6. Use steel or wrought iron pipe and fittings.
7. DO NOT thread pipe too far. Valve distortion or malfunction may result from excess pipe within the control. Use pipe joint compound resistant to the action of liquified petroleum gases on male threads only. DO NOT use Teflon tape. See illustrations.
8. Gas pipe sizes for natural gas are shown on page 8. If more than one appliance is supplied from a single line size, capacity must equal or exceed the combined input to all appliances, and the branch lines feeding the individual appliances properly sized for each input.

LENGTH OF STANDARD PIPE THREADS (inches)

PIPE SIZE	EFFECTIVE LENGTH OF THREAD	OVERALL LENGTH OF THREAD
3/8	3/8	9/16
1/2	1/2	3/4
3/4	1/2-9/16	13/16
1	9/16	1



GAS PIPE SIZES -- NATURAL GAS

Length of Pipe, Ft.	Pipe Capacity -- Btu Per Hour Input			
	Pipe Size			
	1/2"	3/4"	1"	1-1/4"
10	132,000	278,000	520,000	1,050,000
20	92,000	190,000	350,000	730,000
30	73,000	152,000	285,000	590,000
40	63,000	130,000	245,000	500,000
50	56,000	115,000	215,000	440,000
60	50,000	105,000	195,000	400,000
70	46,000	96,000	180,000	370,000
80	43,000	90,000	170,000	350,000
100	38,000	79,000	150,000	305,000

CHECKING THE GAS PIPING

Before turning gas under pressure into piping, all openings from which gas can escape should be closed. Immediately after turning on gas, the system should be checked for leaks. This can be done by watching the 1/2 cubic foot test dial and allowing 5 minutes to show any movement, and by soaping each pipe connection and watching for bubbles. If a leak is found, make the necessary repairs immediately and repeat the above test. The unit must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing the manual shutoff valve on the combination gas control valve during pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at pressures up to 1/2 psig. The unit must be disconnected from supply piping and supply piping capped during any pressure testing of supply piping system at test pressures in excess of 1/2 psig.

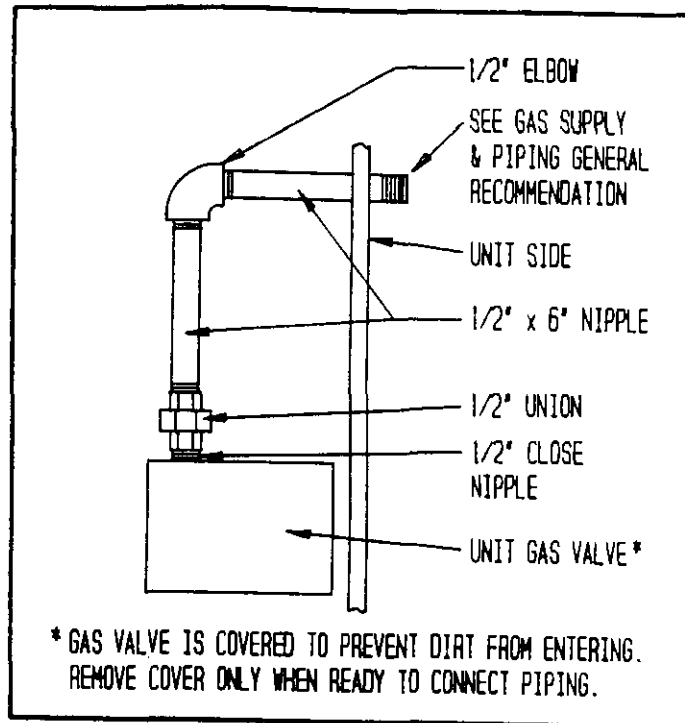
Defective pipes or fittings should be replaced and not repaired. Never use a flame or fire in any form to locate gas leaks, use a soap solution.

After the piping and meter have been checked completely, purge the system of air. DO NOT bleed the air inside the unit. Be sure to relight all the gas pilots on other appliances that may have been extinguished because of interrupted gas supply.

LIGHTING AND SHUTDOWN INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT

Should overheating occur, or the gas supply fail to shut off, shut off the manual gas valve to the unit before shutting off the electrical supply.



* GAS VALVE IS COVERED TO PREVENT DIRT FROM ENTERING. REMOVE COVER ONLY WHEN READY TO CONNECT PIPING.

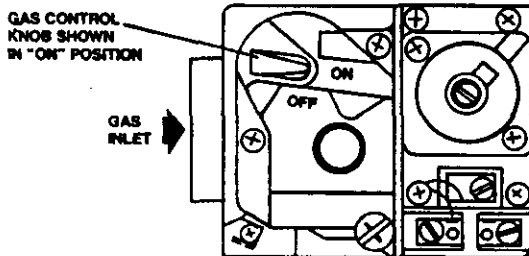
FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE OPERATING

WARNING: If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- A. This appliance is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the pilot. Do not try to light the pilot by hand.
- B. BEFORE OPERATING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS**
- Do not try to light any appliance.
 - Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
 - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- C. Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

1. STOP! Read the safety information above on this label.
 2. Set the thermostat to lowest setting.
 3. Turn off all electric power to the appliance.
 4. This appliance is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the pilot. Do not try to light the pilot by hand.
 5. Remove control access panel.
 6. Push in gas control knob slightly and turn clockwise to "OFF."
- NOTE: Knob cannot be turned to "OFF" unless knob is pushed in slightly. Do not force.
7. Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. If you then smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in the safety information above on this label. If you don't smell gas, go to next step.
 8. Turn gas control knob counterclockwise to "ON."
 9. Replace control access panel.
 10. Turn on all electric power to the appliance.
 11. Set thermostat to desired setting.
 12. If the appliance will not operate, follow the instructions "To Turn Off Gas To Appliance" and call your service technician or gas supplier.



TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE

1. Set the thermostat to lowest setting.
2. Turn off all electric power to the appliance if service is to be performed.
3. Remove control access panel.
4. Push in gas control knob slightly and turn clockwise to "OFF." Do not force.
5. Replace control access panel.

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SERVICE AGENCY PROCEDURES

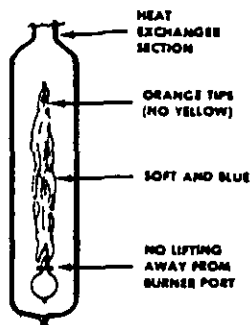
The pilot flame can be adjusted by removing the pilot adjustment cover screw. Turn inner adjustment screw clockwise to decrease and counterclockwise to increase pilot flame. Be sure to replace cover screw after adjustment to prevent possible gas leakage.

Observe the main burners in operation. The flame should be mostly "blue" with possibly a little orange (not yellow) at the tips of the flame. The flames should be in the center of the heat exchanger compartments and not impinging on the heat exchanger surfaces themselves.

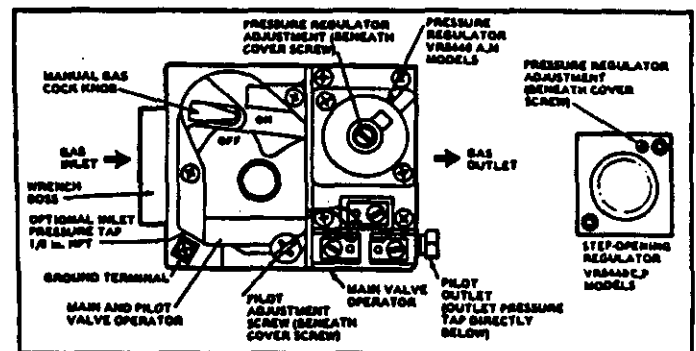
The air shutters are factory adjusted completely open. If flashback occurs, the air shutters may be closed slightly to prevent the flashback.

Observe the fire until the blower starts (there is a normal delay period until the heat exchanger warms up). There should be no change in the size or shape of the flame. If there is any wavering or blowing of the flame on blower start-up, it is an indication of a possible leak in the heat exchanger.

FIGURE 4



ALL MULTIPLE SECTION FURNACES



BURNERS/HEAT EXCHANGER/FLUE GAS PASSAGE WAYS

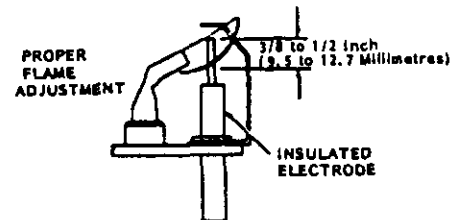
The burners, heat exchanger and interior flue gas passages may be inspected using a light or small mirror or an extension handle. Remove the screw securing the flue transition (item 35 pg. 20) to the inducer assembly (item 23 pg. 22). Remove the inducer and collector box (item 9 pg. 20) and flue gas baffles (item 34 pg. 20). Now inspect the upper chamber of the heat exchanger.

Check the exterior of the heat exchanger and the interior flue gas passages for any evidence of deterioration due to corrosion, cracking or other causes. If signs of sealing or sooting exist, remove the burners and clean the heat exchanger, as required.

INSPECTION AND CLEANING OF BURNERS AND HEAT EXCHANGERS QUALIFIED SERVICE TECHNICIAN ONLY

1. Remove the Vent Assembly and flue collector assembly.
2. Disconnect gas pipe at union.
3. Disconnect wires from gas valve, note connections.
4. Remove screws that secure the gas manifold and remove gas valve, manifold and burners as an assembly.
5. Clean the burners with a brush and by holding the burner vertically and tapping it against a wood block. Severe cases of lint clogging may require washing the burners in hot water.
6. Clean flue gas passages by using small brushes and a vacuum cleaner. It may be necessary to fabricate handle extensions for the brushes, to reach the areas that require cleaning. Reinspect after cleaning and replace the heat exchanger if defective.
7. Reinstall parts in reverse order. Check the spark gap, 1/8 inch, between the ignitor and pilot hood.
8. Turn gas on and check for leaks.
9. Install all access panels, turn power on and check for normal operation.

FIGURE 3



INTERMITTENT PILOT

MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

The unit should be inspected annually by a qualified service agency.

Routine inspection and maintenance procedures are the responsibility of the owner/user and are outlined below.

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

1. Air Filters. Check the condition at least monthly when the unit is in use, and replace (throwaway, fiberglass type) or clean (permanent, foam type) as necessary.
2. Lubrication Requirements. The indoor circulating air blower motor and outdoor circulating air fan motor are permanently lubricated and require no re-oiling. The combustion air blower motor should be re-oiled once a year with 3-4 drops SAE20 motor oil. **WARNING**--Turn off electrical power supply to prevent injury from moving parts or electric shock.

ROUTINE INSPECTION

1. Inspect the physical support of the unit annually to make sure it is securely fastened to the building. Also look for any obvious signs of deterioration.
2. Inspect the pilot and main burner adjustment at the beginning of each heating season. Refer to Figure 3 and Figure 4 for general guidelines. Call qualified service agency for any adjustments.
3. Inspect the vent terminal for any obvious deterioration, to make sure it is free and clear of any obstructions.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Replacement parts for the gas/electric units are available through local distributors.

Parts list covering all of the normally serviceable items are shown at the end of the installation instructions. When ordering parts or making inquiries pertaining to any of the units covered by these instructions, it is very important to always supply the COMPLETE model number and serial number of the unit. This is necessary to assure that the correct parts (or an approved alternate part) are issued to the service agency.

BLOWER CONTROL--START UP OPERATION

Upon power-up, or after power interruption the low speed blower relay will be immediately energized allowing the blower to operate for a total of one minute. After the initial power-up cycle, the unit is ready for operation.

SEQUENCE OF OPERATION--HEATING

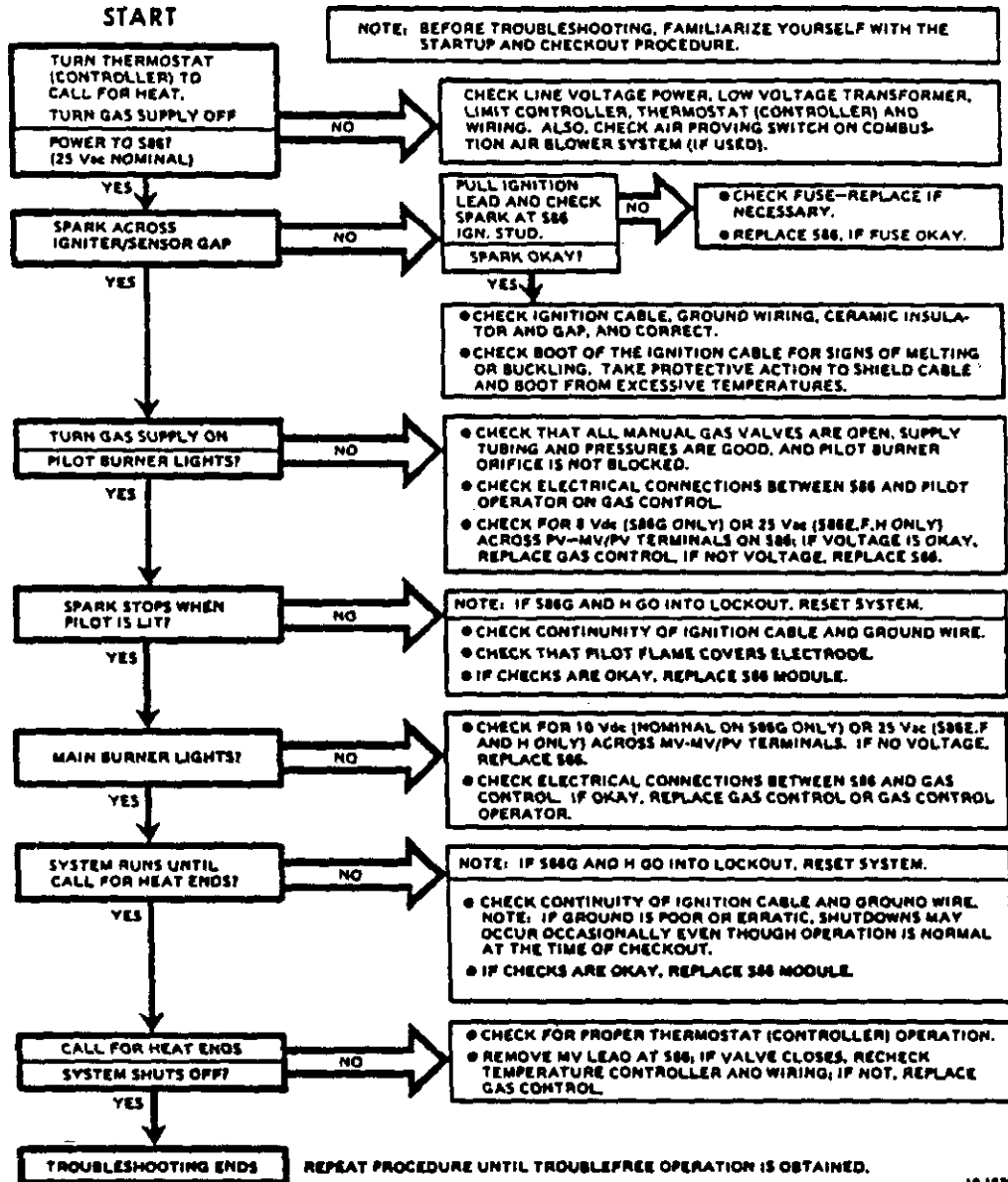
On a call for heat from the thermostat, the induced draft blower relay is energized through the normally closed contacts of the air proving pressure switch. At this point the induced draft blower starts its operation. Once sufficient draft is established, the ignition module is energized through the normally open contacts of the air proving pressure switch. The pilot ignition electrode will begin to spark and the pilot valve will be energized allowing pilot gas to flow. Upon establishment of the pilot burner flame, adequate flame for burner ignition is proved to the control module allowing the main gas valve to be energized and to discontinue ignition spark. At the same time the main valve is energized, a one minute blower delay timer is activated.

After this delay, the low speed blower relay energizes. The blower will begin operating and remain in operation until two minutes after the call for heat has been satisfied. This timing sequence guarantees blower on, blower off operation.

SEQUENCE OF OPERATION--COOLING

On a call for cooling from the room thermostat, the high speed blower relay will be energized as well as the compressor contactor. Following termination of the cooling cycle, the blower motor will continue to run for one minute.

S86 INTERMITTENT PILOT SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING



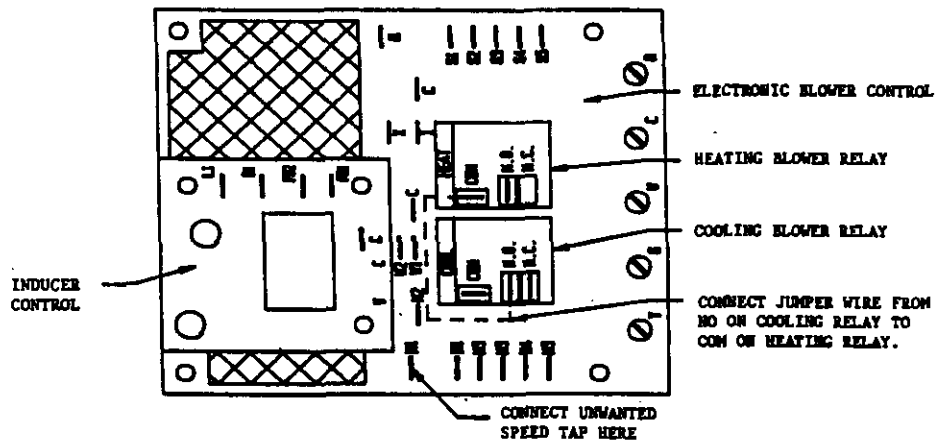
14,142C

BLOWER OPERATION

All models have two speed direct drive indoor blower motors. If supply and return ducts are connected to the unit the ducts must be of adequate size. Refer to the appropriate blower curve for maximum static pressures acceptable. Note the minimum CFM for cooling operation is 810. As produced the circulating blower will operate on high speed during cooling and low speed during heating. If voltage and duct design permit, (see blower curves) single speed operation can be achieved as follows: Disconnect main power supply to unit. Remove the unwanted indoor motor speed tap (red low, black high) from the blower control. This wire is to be connected to terminal M1. Next install a jumper wire between terminals NO. (cooling relay) and terminal COM. (heating relay). Energize the system in cooling and heating modes and check for proper blower operation.

CAUTION

After the unit is operating with filters installed and all cabinet panels are in place, check the temperature rise through the unit to insure it is within the range specified on the unit rating plate. If it is not, adjust blower speed until the temperature rise is within specified range.



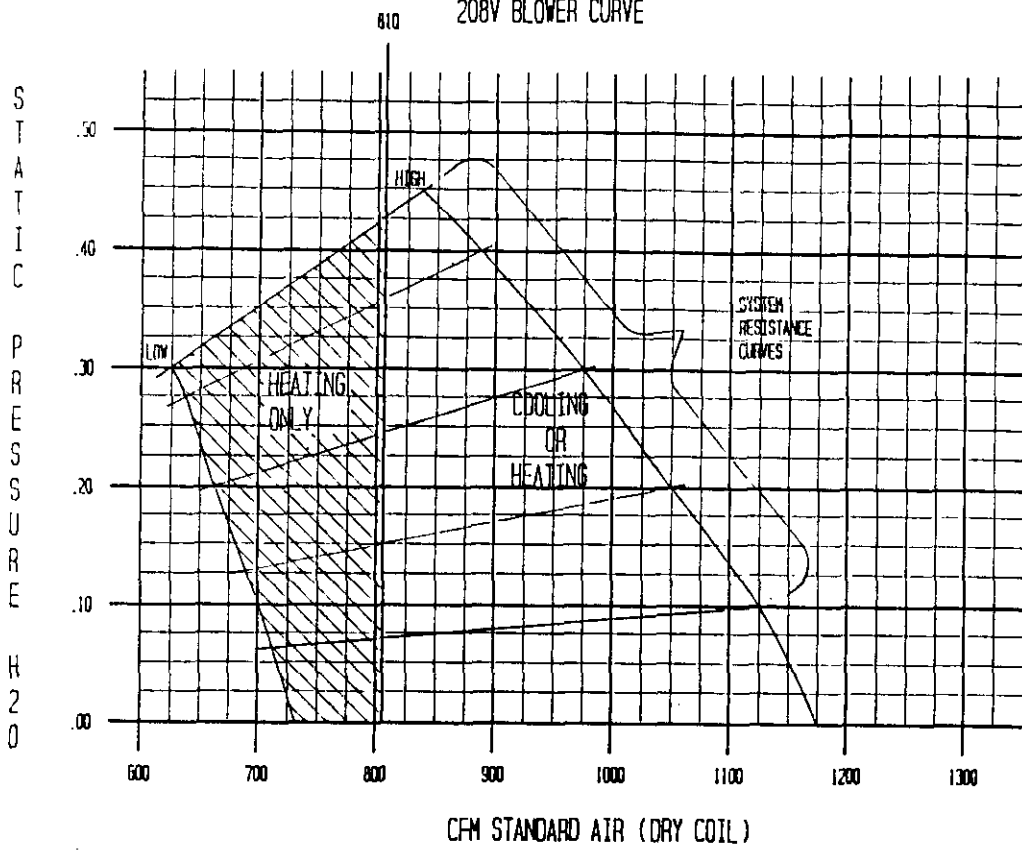
HIGH ALTITUDE APPLICATIONS

Rating of gas utilization equipment are based on sea level operation and need not be changed for operation at elevations up to 2,000 feet. For operation at elevations above 2,000 feet and, in the absence of specific recommendations from the local authority having jurisdiction, equipment ratings shall be reduced at the rate of 4 percent for each 1,000 feet above sea level before selecting appropriately sized equipment. (ref. ANSI Z223.1-1984, Par. 8.12). Refer to the chart below for equivalent orifice sizes at different elevations.

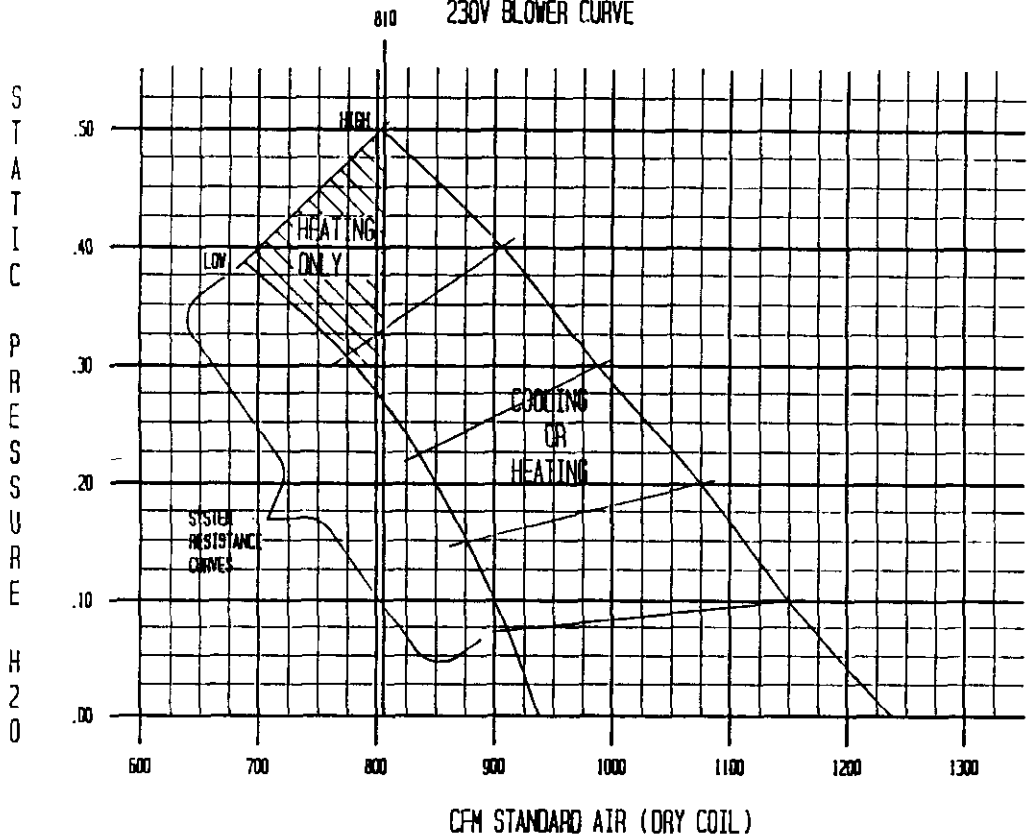
EQUIVALENT ORIFICE SIZES AT HIGH ALTITUDES
(Includes 4% Input Reduction For Each 1000 Feet)

Orifice Size At Sea Level	ORIFICE SIZE REQUIRED AT OTHER ELEVATIONS									
	2000	3000	4000	5000	6000	7000	8000	9000	10,000	
36	37	38	38	39	40	41	41	42	43	
40	41	42	42	43	43	44	44	45		
52	51	51	51	52	52	52	53	53		
53	54	54	54	54	54	54	55	55		

208V BLOWER CURVE



230V BLOWER CURVE



PRESSURE SERVICE PORTS

High and low pressure service ports are installed on all units so that the system operating pressures can be observed. The following chart outlines expected pressures at various indoor and outdoor temperatures.

COOLING

AIR TEMPERATURE ENTERING OUTDOOR COIL DEGREE F.

MODEL	Return Air Temperature	Pressure	75	80	85	90	95	100	105	110	115
WAG30A	75° D.B. 62° W.B.	Low Side	69	71	73	75	77	79	80	81	82
		High Side	208	225	242	260	277	294	311	328	345
	80° D.B. 67° W.B.	Low Side	74	76	78	80	82	84	85	87	88
		High Side	213	231	249	266	284	302	319	337	354
	85° D.B. 72° W.B.	Low Side +2 PSIG	80	82	84	86	88	90	92	93	95
		High Side	220	239	257	276	294	312	330	348	366
WAG36A	75° D.B. 62° W.B.	Low Side	64	67	70	72	74	76	77	79	80
		High Side	210	223	238	253	268	284	301	318	336
	80° D.B. 67° W.B.	Low Side	69	72	74	77	79	81	83	85	86
		High Side	215	229	244	259	275	292	309	327	345
	85° D.B. 72° W.B.	Low Side	73	77	80	83	85	87	89	91	92
		High Side	222	237	252	268	285	302	320	338	357
WAG40A	75° D.B. 62° W.B.	Low Side	62	64	66	68	70	72	73	75	76
		High Side	211	224	237	252	267	283	301	319	339
	80° D.B. 67° W.B.	Low Side	65	68	71	73	75	77	78	80	81
		High Side	217	230	243	258	274	291	309	328	348
	85° D.B. 72° W.B.	Low Side	69	73	76	79	81	83	85	86	87
		High Side	224	237	252	267	284	302	320	340	360

REFRIGERANT CHARGE

The correct system R-22 charge is shown on the unit rating plate. Optimum unit performance will occur with a refrigerant charge resulting in a suction line temperature (6" from compressor) as shown in the following table:

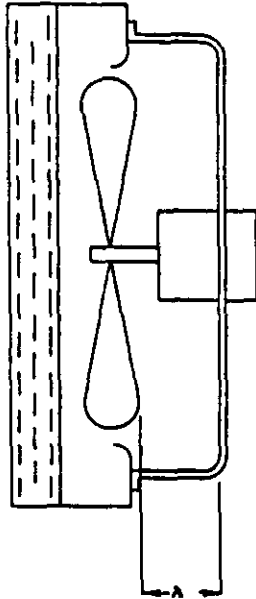
Model	Rated Airflow	95 Deg. F OD Temp	82 Deg. F OD Temp
WAG30A	1000	50-52	66-68
WAG36A	1000	49-51	66-68
WAG40A	1000	49-51	64-66

The above suction line temperature are based upon 80 degree F dry bulb/67 degree wet bulb (50% R.H.) temperature and rated airflow across the evaporator during cooling cycle.

FAN BLADE SETTING DIMENSIONS

Shown in the drawing below are the correct fan blade setting dimensions for proper air delivery across the outdoor coil.

Any service work requiring removal or adjustment in the fan and/or motor area will require that the dimensions below be checked and blade adjusted in or out on the motor shaft accordingly.



Model	Dim. A
WAG30A	1
WAG36A	1/2
WAG40A	1/2

CONVERSION OF GAS INPUT BTUH

All WAG series units are produced with maximum Btuh input (65,000 Btuh) orifices installed. To field convert to 55,000 Btuh input, a change to main burner orifices is required.

NOTE: No change to air orifices is necessary. A set of low input orifices is shipped with every unit. They will be found packaged in a cloth bag behind the burner door. Refer to the unit rating plate to confirm the proper orifice size. Proper installation of the orifices is detailed as follows:

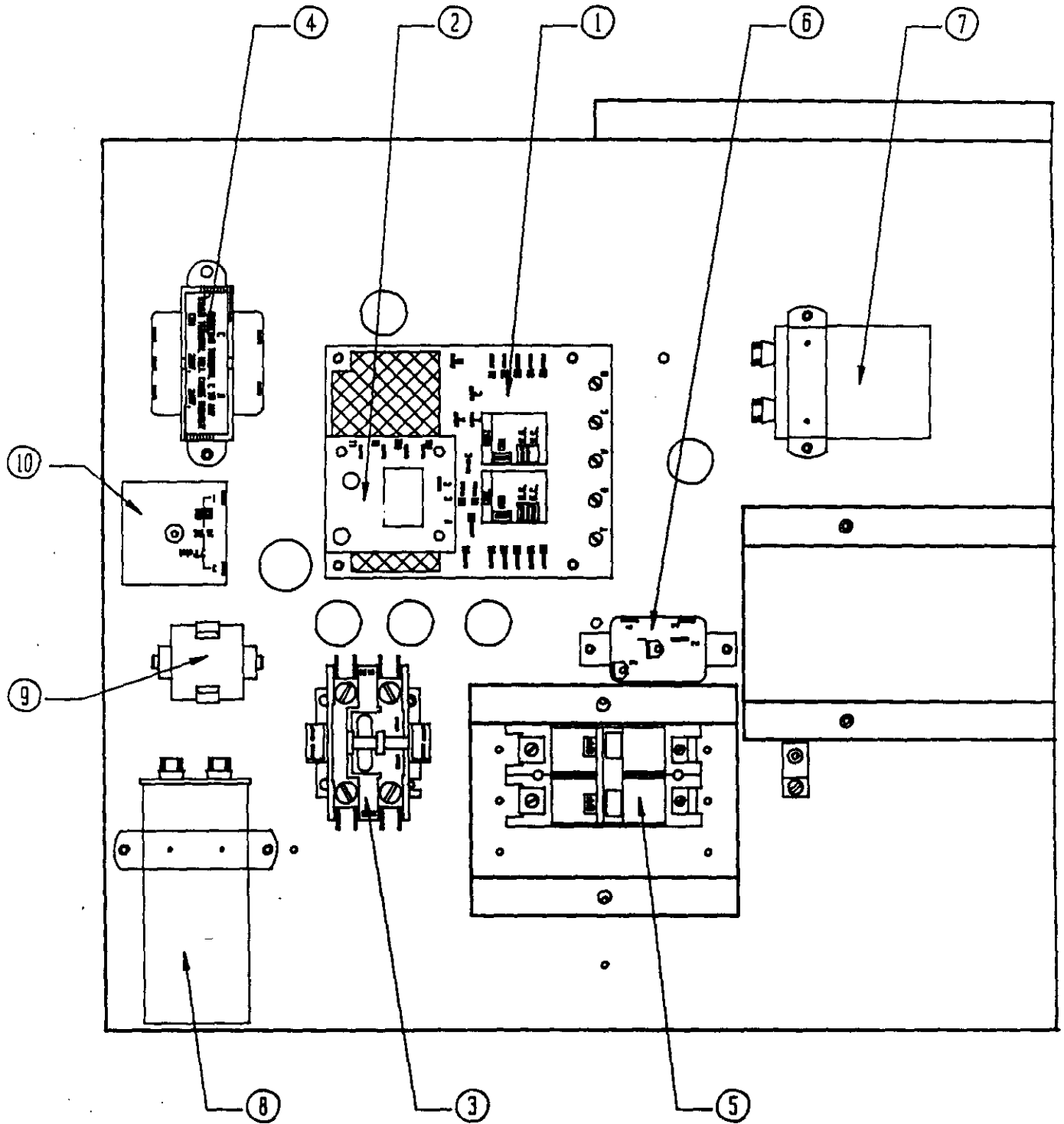
- A. Shut off electrical supply to the unit.
- B. Shut off gas supply to the unit.
- C. Remove burner access panel.
- D. Disconnect gas valve from gas supply piping..
- E. Disconnect four wires from the gas valve, making note as to which wire came off of each terminal.
- F. Disconnect orange ignition wire from ignition module.
- G. Remove screw securing pilot assembly to burner bracket and then remove the four screws securing the manifold to the burner brackets.
- H. Remove the manifold assembly so that orifices are now accessible and remove orifices.
- I. Apply a modest amount of pipe compound to the new orifices and screw them into the manifold.
- J. To assemble burner reverse steps A through G.

PARTS LIST
CONTROL PANEL

Date: 8/8/88

Item	Part No.	Description	W A G 3 O A A 5 4 C	W A G 3 O A A 5 4 C	W A G 3 O A B 5 4 C	W A G 3 O A C 5 4 C	W A G 4 O A A 5 4 C	W A G 4 O A B 5 4 C	W A G 4 O A C 5 4 C
1	8201-051	Blower Control	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
2	8201-052	Inducer Control	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
3	8401-007	Contacto Coil	X	X			X		
3	8401-002	Contacto Coil			X	X		X	X
4	8407-034	Transformer	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
5	8615-009	Circuit Breaker	X						
5	8615-014	Circuit Breaker		X					
5	8615-018	Circuit Breaker			X				
5	8615-023	Circuit Breaker				X			
5	8615-015	Circuit Breaker					X		
5	8615-019	Circuit Breaker						X	
5	8615-024	Circuit Breaker							X
6	8201-008	Outdoor Fan Relay				X			X
7	8552-002	Fan Capacitor	X						
7	8552-005	Fan Capacitor		X	X	X	X	X	X
8	8552-032	Compressor Capacitor	X						
8	8552-035	Compressor Capacitor		X					
8	8552-030	Compressor Capacitor					X		
9		Low Voltage Kit	<----Field Installed---->						
10		Compressor Anti Cycle Relay	<----Field Installed---->						
	4085-110	Wiring Diagram	X	X			X		
	4085-210	Wiring Diagram			X			X	
	4085-310	Wiring Diagram				X			X

CONTROL PANEL

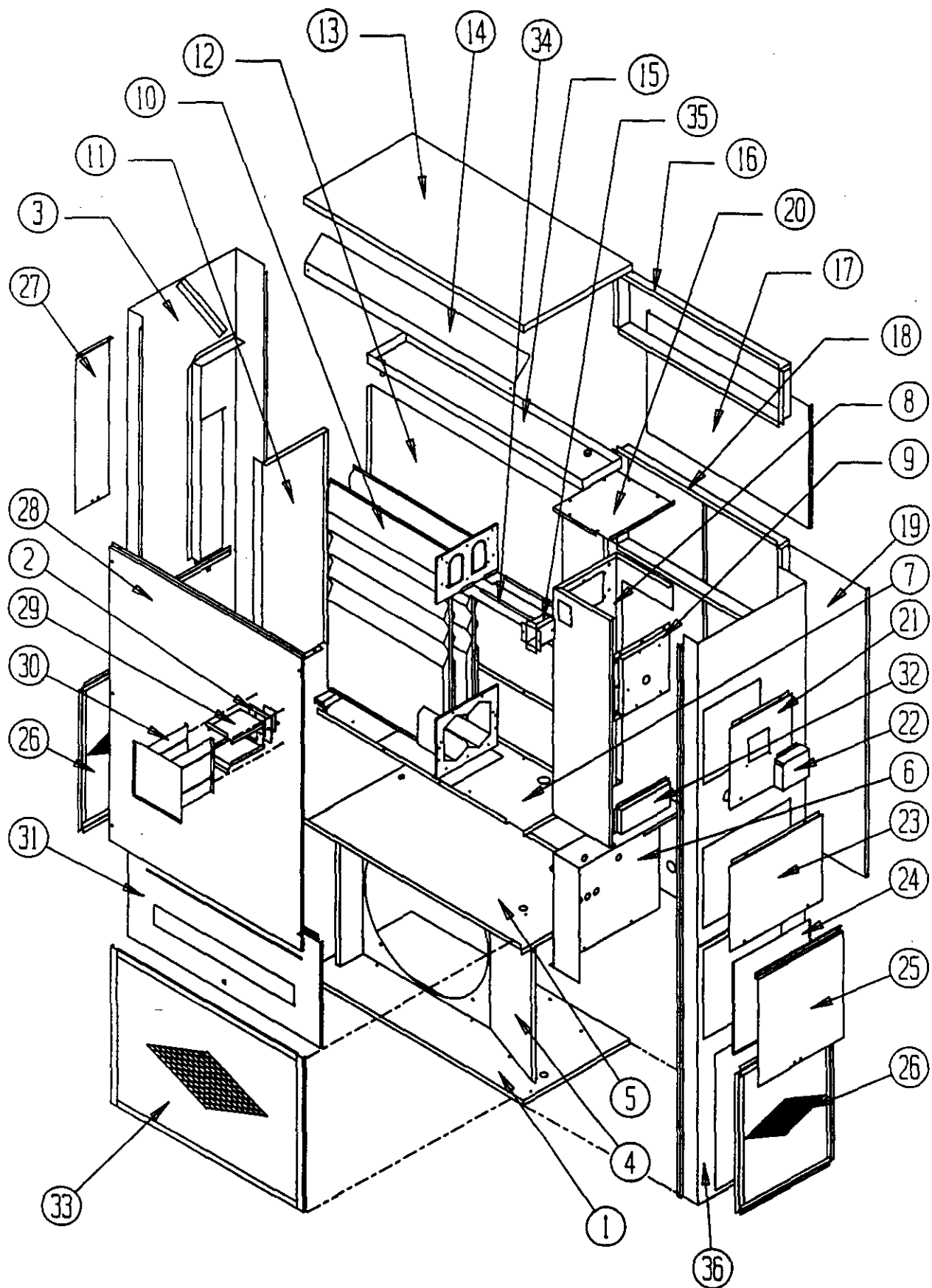


YAG 30-40

PARTS LIST
HI-BOY COMBINATION GAS/ELECTRIC

Date: 8/8/88

Dwg. No.	Part No.	Description	W A G 3 0 A A 5 4 C	W A G 3 6 A A 5 4 C	W A G 3 6 A B 5 4 C	W A G 3 6 A C 5 4 C	W A G 4 0 A A 5 4 C	W A G 4 0 A B 5 4 C	W A G 4 0 A C 5 4 C
1	127-142	Lower Base	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
2	1921-017	Vent Term. Gasket	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
3	501-179	Left Side Assembly	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
4	124-016	Fan Shroud	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
5	520-108	Condenser Partition	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
6	Control Panel	(See Control Panel Assembly Drawing and Parts List)							
7	127-143	Blower Base	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
8	520-110	Heat Exchanger Partition	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
9	913-0018	Flue Collector Box Assembly	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
10	171-152	Heat Exchanger Assembly	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
11	520-111	Side Partition Assembly	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
12	520-109	Vertical Partition	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
13	506-107	Top	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
14	134-096	Air Baffle	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
15	123-067	Water Pan Assembly	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
16	111-025	Outlet Air Frame	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
17	508-056	Upper Back	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
18	111-018	Inlet Air Frame	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
19	508-069	Lower Back Assembly	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
20	506-108	Heat Exchanger Part. Top	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
21	552-138	Induced Blower Door	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
22	134-097	Induced Blower Hood	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
23	152-139	Burner Door	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
24	132-076	Inner Control Cover	X	X			X		
24	132-077	Inner Control Cover			X			X	
24	132-078	Inner Control Cover				X			X
25	152-136	Outer Control Cover	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
26	119-020	Side Condenser Grille	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
27	552-137	Filter Access	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
28	514-062	Upper Front	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
29	168-029	Inner Vent Term	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
30	169-030	Outer Vent Term	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
31	514-063	Lower Front	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
32	168-003	Secondary Air Baffle	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
33	119-003	Front Condenser Grille	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
34	168-002	Flue Baffle	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
35	169-026	Flue Transition	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
36	501-178	Right Side Assembly	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

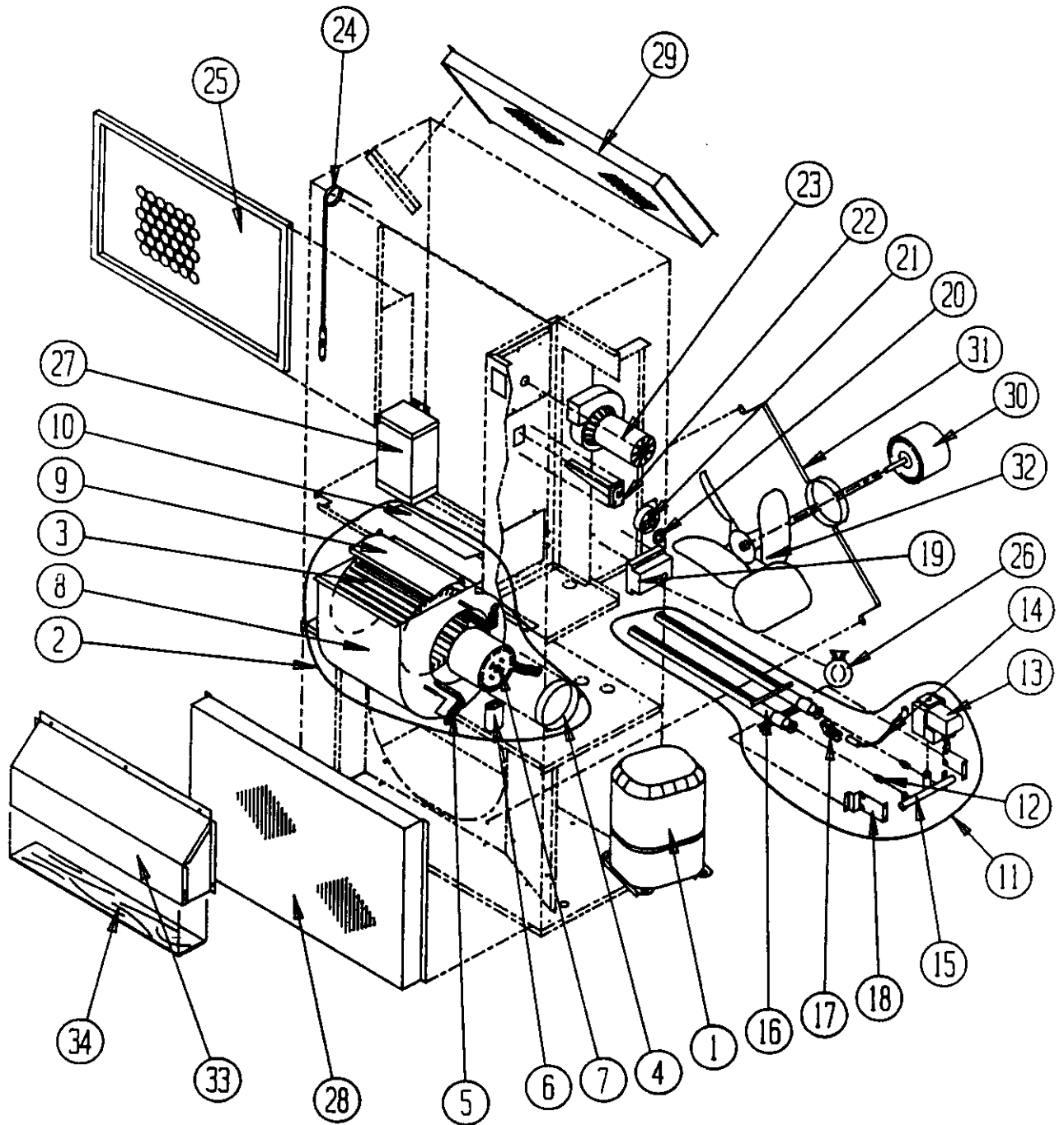


WAG 30-40

PARTS LIST
HI-BOY COMBINATION GAS/ELECTRIC

Date: 4/12/88

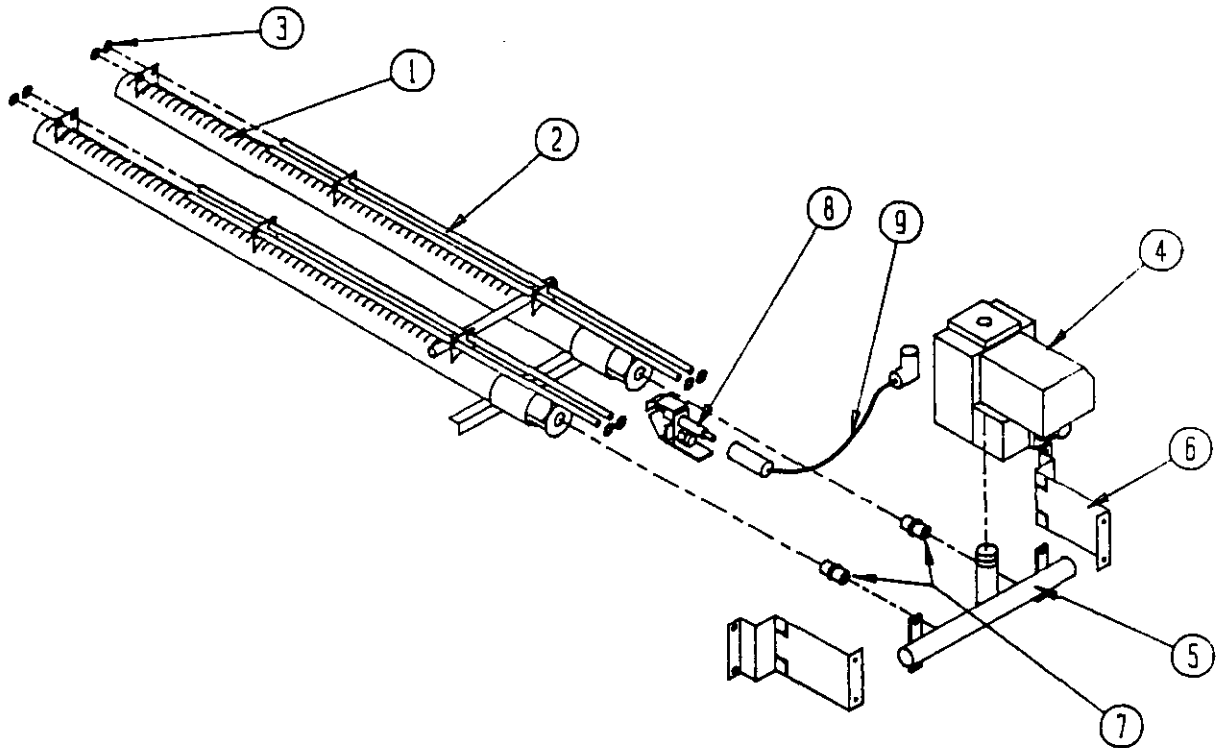
Item	Part No.	Description	W A G 3 O A A 5 4 C	W A G 3 O A A 5 4 C	W A G 3 O A B 5 4 C	W A G 3 O A C 5 4 C	W A G 4 O A A 5 4 C	W A G 4 O A B 5 4 C	W A G 4 O A C 5 4 C
1	8000-099	Compressor	x						
1	8000-055	Compressor		x					
1	8000-056	Compressor			x				
1	8000-057	Compressor				x			
1	8000-063	Compressor					x		
1	8000-064	Compressor						x	
1	8000-065	Compressor							x
2	900-080	Blower Assembly (Complete)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
3	5152-015	Blower Wheel	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
4	8200-033	Motor Mount Band	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5	8200-034	Motor Mount Arm	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
6	8552-002	Capacitor	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
7	8105-031	Blower Motor	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
8	151-064	Blower Housing	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
9	144-088	Diffuser	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
10	104-752	Blower Seal	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
11	901-0072	Burner Assembly (Complete)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
12	9010-043	High Rate Orifice (Nat. #36)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
13	5651-065	Gas Valve	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
14	8600-008	Ignition Wire	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
15	5818-023	Burner Manifold	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
16	9010-036	Burner (2 Cell)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
17	8554-009	Pilot Burner	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
18	112-0079	Manifold Bracket	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
19	5651-060	Ignition Module	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
20	5451-015	Rubber Grommet	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
21	8406-039	Pressure Switch	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
22	8402-052	Limit Control	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
23	8109-002	Induced Draft Motor	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
24	800-0128	Capillary Assembly	x						
24	800-0129	Capillary Assembly		x	x	x			
24	800-0130	Capillary Assembly					x	x	x
25	7004-016	Air Filter	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
26	400-0027	Low Rate Orifice Kit (Nat. #40)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
27	8407-003	460V Transformer				x			x
28	5051-035	Condenser Coil	x						
28	5051-054	Condenser Coil		x	x	x	x	x	x
29	5060-037	Evaporator Coil	x						
29	5060-050	Evaporator Coil		x	x	x	x	x	x
30	8105-019	Condenser Motor	x						
30	8105-034	Condenser Motor		x	x	x	x	x	x
31	8200-037	Fan Motor Mount	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
32	5151-038	Fan Blade	x						
32	5151-028	Fan Blade		x	x	x	x	x	x
33	913-0020	Fresh Air Damper Assembly	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
34	7003-017	Air Filter	x	x	x	x	x	x	x



WAG 30-40

LO-NOx BURNER ASSEMBLY (X SUFFIX MODELS ONLY)

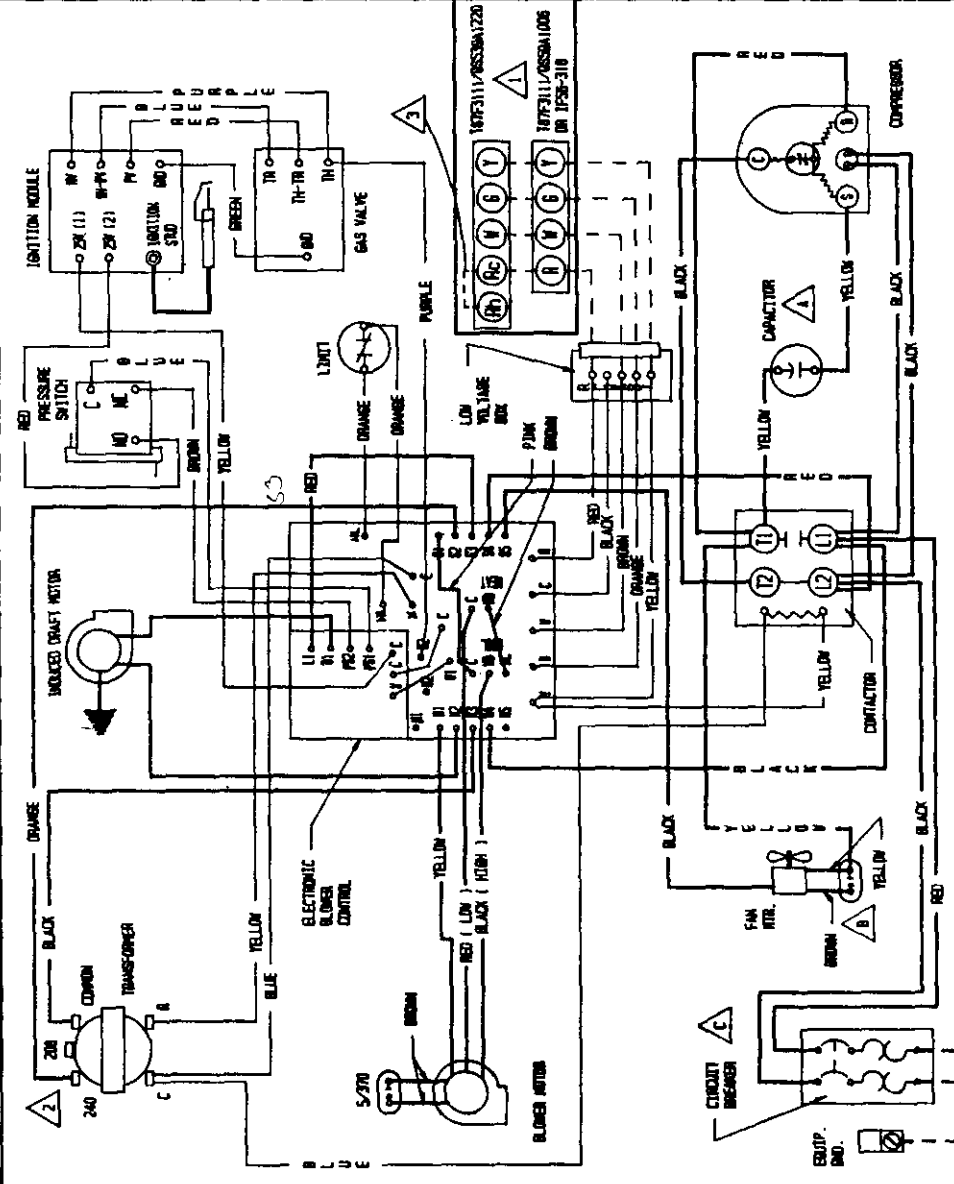
(X) suffix models comply with South Coast Air Quality Management District Rule 1111 and Bay Area Air Quality Management District Regulation 9, Rule 4 for nitrous oxide emission levels. All (X) suffix model components are identical to (C) suffix components except for the burner assembly detailed below.



Item No.	Part No.	Description	WAG30A-A54X	WAG36A-A54X	WAG36A-B54X	WAG36A-C54X	WAG40A-A54X	WAG40A-B54X	WAG40A-A54X
	901-0073	Burner Assembly (Complete)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1	9010-036	Burner (2 Cell) Weld Assembly	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
2	2200-018	Stainless Steel Rods	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
3	1012-310	Stainless Steel Tinnerman	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)
4	5651-065	Gas Valve	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
5	5818-023	Burner Manifold	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
6	112-0079	Manifold Bracket	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
7	9010-043	High Rate Orifice (Nat. #36)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
8	8554-009	Pilot Burner	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
9	8600-008	Ignition Wire	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

CONNECTION DIAGRAM

DANGER: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD.
DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE SERVICING



MODEL	COMPONENT	WIRING	FIELD WIRING
W4350A-154C	COMPRESSOR	10-270	---
W4350A-154C	INDUCER DRAFT MOTOR	10-270	---
W4350A-154C	FAN MOTOR	10-270	---
W4350A-154C	200V TRANSFORMER TAP	10-270	---

SEE JUMPER AC - RH

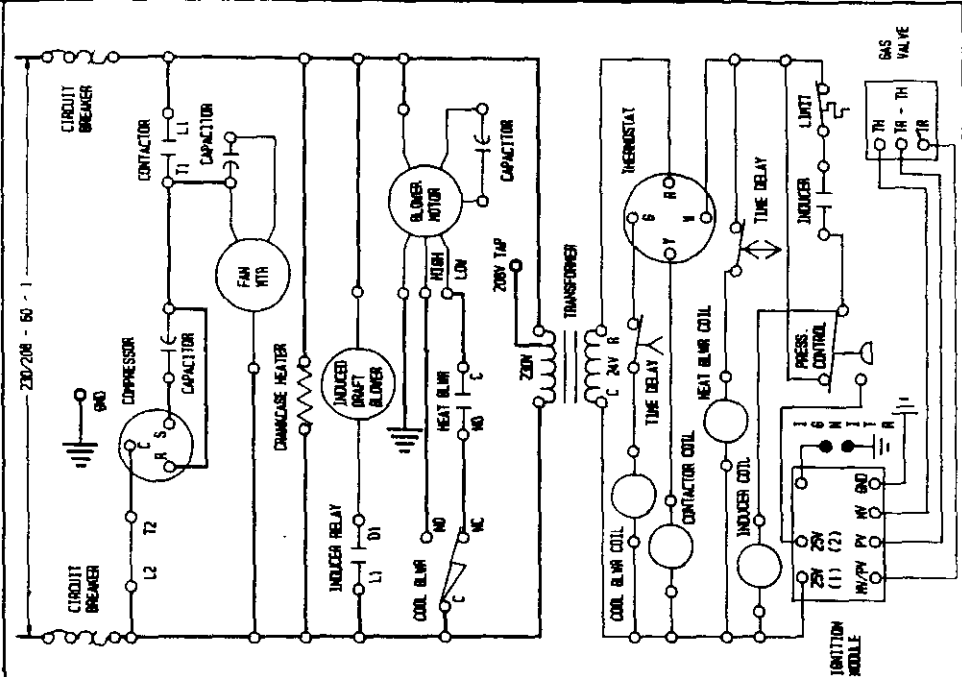
Low Voltage High Voltage

USE COPPER OR ALUMINUM WIRE

SET HEAT ANTICIPATOR AT 5 A

FOR 200V OPERATION MOVE THIS WIRE TO 200V TRANSFORMER TAP

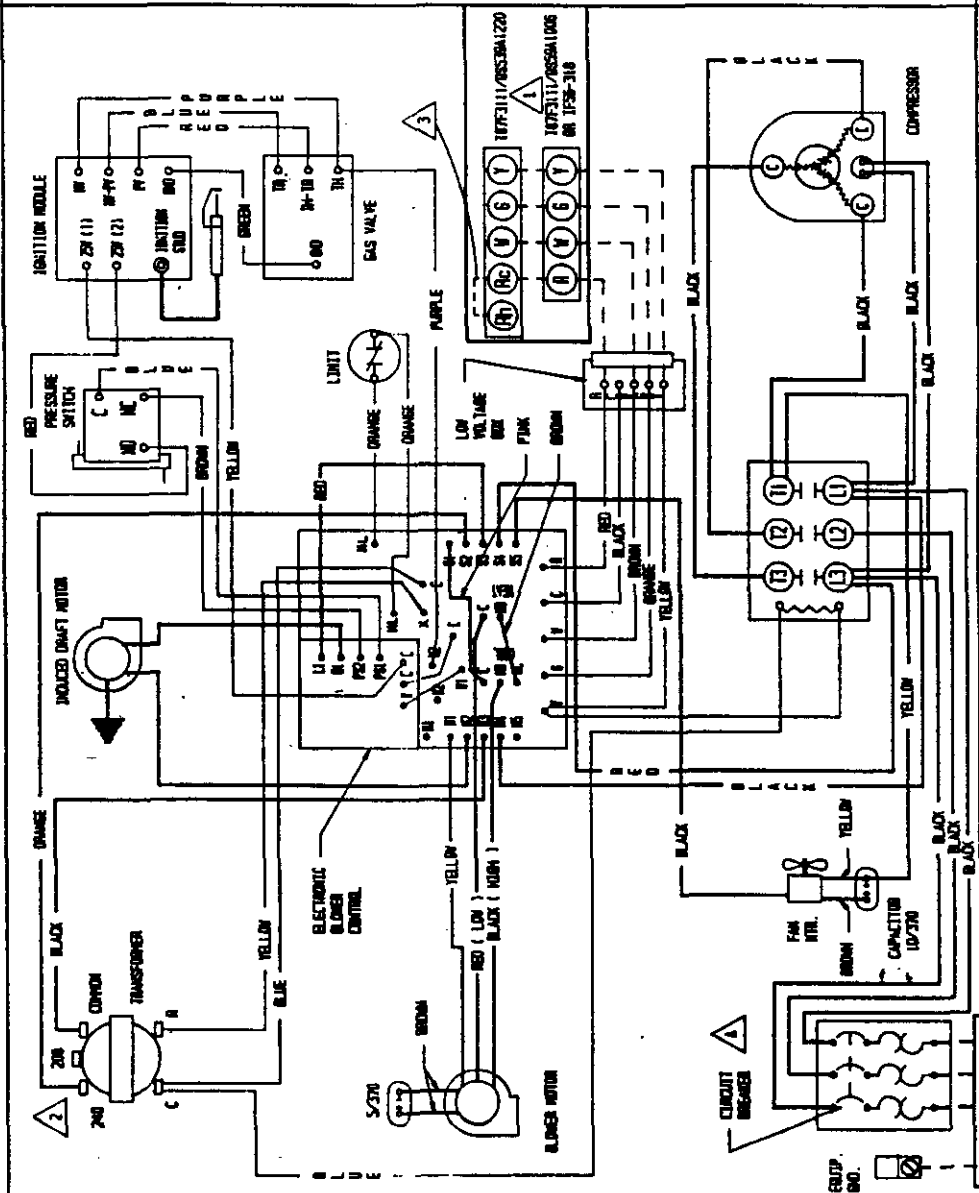
LADDER DIAGRAM



IF ANY OF THE ORIGINAL WIRE AS SUPPLIED WITH THE APPLIANCE MUST BE REPLACED, IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH WIRING MATERIAL HAVING A TEMPERATURE RATING OF AT LEAST 105 DEG. C. EXCEPT THE IGNITION CABLE WHICH IS 250 DEG. C. HIGH VOLTAGE CABLE

4085-110B

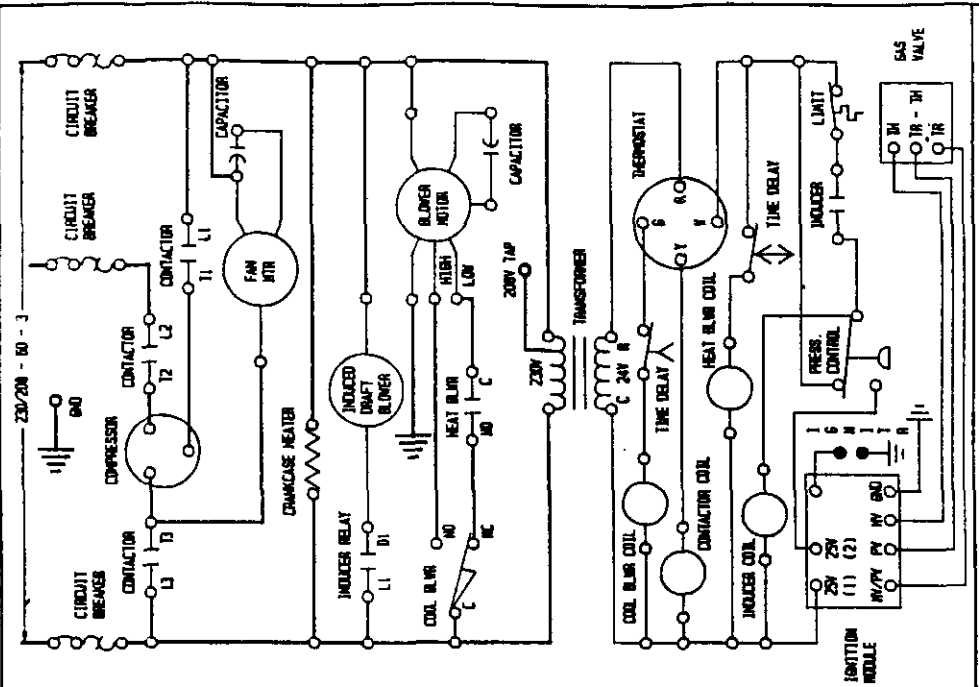
CONNECTION DIAGRAM
DANGER: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD.
DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE SERVICING



MODEL	CIRCUIT BREAKER	FACTORY WIRING	FIELD WIRING
100-200-80-3	30A	---	---
100-200-80-3	35A	---	---

USE COPPER OR ALUMINUM WIRE
 SET HEAT ANTICIPATOR AT .6 A
 FOR 200V OPERATION MOVE THIS WIRE TO 200V TRANSFORMER TAP
 230/200 - 80 - 3
 3

LADDER DIAGRAM



IF ANY OF THE ORIGINAL WIRE AS SHOWN WITH THE APPLIANCE MUST BE REPLACED. IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH WIRING MATERIAL HAVING A TEMPERATURE RATING OF AT LEAST 105 DEG. C. EXCEPT THE IGNITION CABLE WHICH IS 250 DEG. C. HIGH VOLTAGE CABLE.
 4085

